

# SAFETY DATA SHEET PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Insecticide.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier PelGar International Ltd

Unit 13

Newman Lane

Alton Hampshire GU34 2QR United Kingdom +44(0)1420 80744

christine.unsworth@pelgar.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44(0)1420 80744 (Monday - Friday 9.00am - 5pm GMT)

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

National emergency telephone Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 number Belgium: 070 245 245

Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 233 Croatia: +3851 2348 342

Cyprus: 1401

Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293, +420 224 915 402

Denmark: +45 8212 1212

Estonia: 16662 Finland: 0800 147 111

France: + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59

Germany: +44 (0)1420 80744 (9am-5pm Monday- Friday GMT)

Greece: (0030) 2107793777 Hungary: +36-80-201-199 Iceland: (+354) 543 1000 / 112

Ireland: Members of Public: +353 (01) 809 2166. (8am-10pm daily) Ireland: Healthcare Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566 (24 hour service)

Italy: 0382-24444 Latvia: +371 67042473

Liechtenstein: +44 (0)1420 80744 (9am-5pm Monday- Friday GMT)

Lithuania: +370 (85) 2362052 Luxembourg: 8002 5500

Malta: +44 (0)1420 80744 (9am-5pm Monday- Friday GMT) Netherlands: +31(0)30 274 8888 Healthcare Professionals only

Norway: 22 59 13 00

Poland: +44 (0)1420 80744 (9am-5pm Monday- Friday GMT)

Portugal: +351 800 250 250 Romania: +40213183606 Slovakia: +421 2 5477 4166

Slovenia: 112

Spain: +34 91 562 04 20

Sweden: 112 - Begär Giftinformation

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335 Asp. Tox. 1 -

H304

Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

# 2.2. Label elements

### Hazard pictograms









Signal word

Danger

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

**Hazard statements** H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P

P260 Do not breathe gas, fume, vapours or spray.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing gas, fume, vapours or spray.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

**UFI**: 1C90-10WJ-100K-HS2G

Contains ODOURLESS KEROSINE, PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE (EU), Pyrethrum 50% Pale Extract

(Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract in Petroleum Distillates - from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical carbondioxide), Sodium

Dioctyl Sulfosuccinate solution

# 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

ODOURLESS KEROSINE 30-60%

CAS number: 64742-47-8 EC number: 265-149-8

Classification

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE (EU) 10-30%

CAS number: 51-03-6 EC number: 200-076-7

M factor (Acute) = 1 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Pyrethrum 50% Pale Extract (Chrysanthemum

10%

cinerariaefolium extract in Petroleum Distillates - from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical carbondioxide)

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

### Sodium Dioctyl Sulfosuccinate solution

5-10%

CAS number: 577-11-7

#### Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** 

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin contact** It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention

if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is

suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and

airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

**Ingestion** May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause

chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor**Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

# Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

# Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

## Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

**Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken

packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local

regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor

should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

## **ODOURLESS KEROSINE (CAS: 64742-47-8)**

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 19 mg/kg

PNEC No PNEC available Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this

endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

## Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body

protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Brown.

Odour Slight.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH (concentrated solution): 6.6 pH (diluted solution): 7.4(diluted 1:40 Tap Water

Melting pointNo information available.Initial boiling point and rangeNo information available.Flash pointNo information available.Evaporation rateNo information available.Evaporation factorNo information available.Flammability (solid, gas)No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

Other flammability

No information available.

Vapour pressure

No information available.

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Vapour density No information available.

Relative density 0.95

Bulk density No information available.

Solubility(ies) Miscible with water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** No information available.

**Decomposition Temperature** No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

**Explosive properties** No information available.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

No information available.

Oxidising properties Not determined.

### 9.2. Other information

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or

combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 10,300.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

15.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the

result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and

airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

**Ingestion** May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause

chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin contact** May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

**Toxicity of ingredients** Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract:

LC50 (Rainbow Trout) 96 Hr 0.0052mg/L LC50 (Daphnia Magna) 48 Hr 0.12 mg/L

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods**Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is

not feasible.

Waste class Waste disposal key number from EWC is 20 01 19 (Pesticides)

### SECTION 14: Transport information

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal

documentation using the data shown in this section.

## 14.1. UN number

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

UN No. (ADR/RID) 3082
UN No. (IMDG) 3082
UN No. (ICAO) 3082
UN No. (ADN) 3082

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract and PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract and PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract and PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE)

Proper shipping name (ADN) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium extract and PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 9

ADR/RID classification code M6

ADR/RID label 9

IMDG class 9

ICAO class/division 9

ADN class 9

# Transport labels



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**EmS** F-A, S-F

ADR transport category 3

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Emergency Action Code •3Z

Hazard Identification Number 90

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (-)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

## **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

# **PYRETHRUM 5EC (EU)**

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

General information

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be true and correct, as of the issue date. The accuracy and completeness of this information and any recommendations, or suggestions are made without warranty or guarantee. Since the

conditions of use are beyond the control of our company, it is the responsibility of the user to

determine the conditions of safe use for this product.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: STOT SE 3 - H335: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Skin Sens. 1

- H317: Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410:

Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material

08/12/2021

**Revision comments** 

Issued for impending classification change

Revision date

Revision 1

SDS number 22719

Hazard statements in full

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.